

Two children of mass  $m = 35 \text{ kg}$ , each sliding with speed  $v = 6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ , collide and stick together at point A. Together, they continue to slide to the right. At point B, they run into a polar bear of mass  $M = 76 \text{ kg}$ , who was sliding to the left at  $w = 1 \text{ m/s}$ . They all stick together, and are motionless. What was the angle between initial velocities of the children?

Use momentum.

object	Before		object	After	
	x	y		x	y
top child	$+mv \cos \alpha$	$-mv \sin \alpha$	top child	0	0
bottom child	$+mv \cos \alpha$	$+mv \sin \alpha$	bottom child	0	0
bear	$-Mw$	0	bear	0	0
total	$2mv \cos \alpha - Mw$	0		0	0

From the X-direction, we see

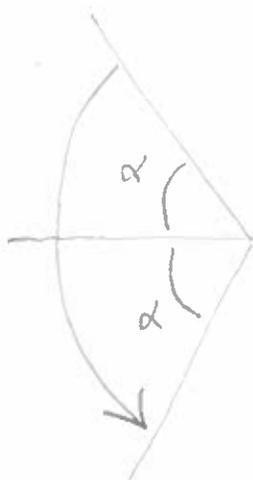
$$\underset{\text{before}}{2mv \cos \alpha} - \underset{\text{after}}{Mw} = 0$$

So we can solve for the angle  $\alpha$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \alpha &= \frac{Mw}{2mv} \\ &= \frac{(76 \text{ kg})(1 \text{ m/s})}{2(35 \text{ kg})(6 \text{ m/s})} \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos \alpha = 0.181$$

$$\rightarrow \alpha = \cos^{-1}(0.181) = 79.6$$



The angle between the two initial velocities of the children

$$\text{is } \alpha + \alpha = 159.1$$