



A hockey puck of mass  $m = 0.4 \text{ kg}$  slides on frictionless ice at speed  $v = 8.2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ . It strikes a motionless brick of mass  $M = 1.25 \text{ kg}$ . After the collision, both objects slide to the right: the puck at speed  $u = 6.802 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ , at an angle  $\alpha = 10.8^\circ$  above x-axis; the brick at speed  $w = 0.634 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$  at some angle  $\beta$  below x-axis.

To find angle  $\beta$ , use conservation of momentum.

Before			After		
obj	x	y	obj	x	y
puck	$+mv$	0	puck	$+mu \cos \alpha$	$+mu \sin \alpha$
brick	0	0	brick	$+Mw \cos \beta$	$-Mw \sin \beta$
total	$+mv$	0	$mu \cos \alpha + Mw \cos \beta$ $+mu \sin \alpha - Mw \sin \beta$		

Look at momentum in the y-direction

Before

After

$$0 = mu \sin \alpha - Mw \sin \beta$$

We can solve for the unknown angle  $\beta$

$$\sin \beta = \frac{mu \sin \alpha}{Mw}$$

$$= \frac{(0.4 \text{ kg})(6.802 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}) \sin(10.8^\circ)}{(1.25 \text{ kg})(0.634 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})}$$

$$= 0.643$$

$$\rightarrow \beta = \sin^{-1}(0.643) = 40.0^\circ$$