

$$\textcircled{K} \longrightarrow v_K$$

$$\textcircled{R} \longrightarrow v_R$$

$$\textcircled{X} \rightarrow v$$

Earth sees object of mass $M = 7.35 \times 10^{22} \text{ kg}$, moving at speed $v = 10^4 \text{ m/s}$.

$$v \ll c \rightarrow \gamma \approx 1$$

$$E = \gamma mc^2 \approx mc^2 = 6.61 \times 10^{39} \text{ J}$$

$$p = \gamma mv = 7.35 \times 10^{26} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

$$ME = \sqrt{E^2 - p^2c^2} \approx E = 6.61 \times 10^{39} \text{ J}$$

Romulans are travelling at $v_R \gg v$, Klingons at $v_K \gg v$.

Each will see the object moving at approximately v_R and v_K , respectively.

Each should measure a different E and p , but get the same momenergy as Earth observers.

	Romulan	Klingon
E	$7.63 \times 10^{39} \text{ J}$	$1.52 \times 10^{40} \text{ J}$
p	$1.27 \times 10^{31} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$	$3.25 \times 10^{31} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$
$\sqrt{E^2 - p^2c^2}$	$6.61 \times 10^{39} \text{ J}$	$1.17 \times 10^{40} \text{ J}$

Klingon reported ME is not same as that of the Earth... so Klingons are lying!